

$$H = \sum_{S \subset V} h_S$$

How does locality of H affect locality of e^{-itH} , etc..

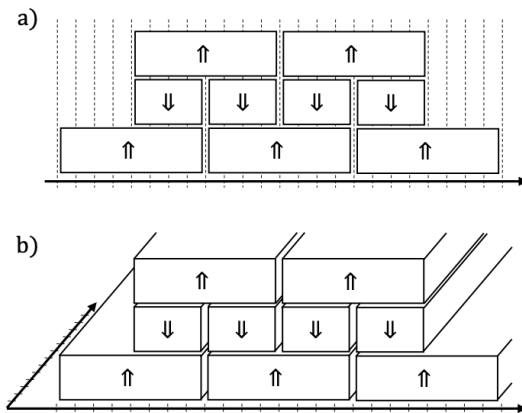
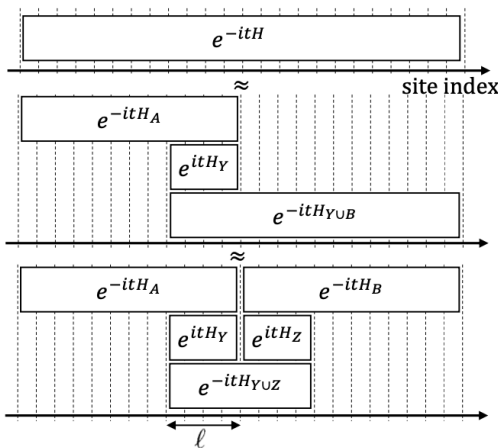
Lieb-Robinson bound

$$\mu > 0 \quad \alpha := \max_i \sum_{S \ni i} \|h_S\| \cdot |S| e^{\mu \text{diam}(S)}$$

$$\| [A_x(t), B_y] \| \leq 2 \|A_x\| \|B_y\| |x| \exp(-\mu \text{dist}(x,y)) (e^{2\alpha |t|} - 1)$$

$$\exp\left(-\mu \left(\text{dist} - \frac{2\alpha t}{v_{LR}}\right)\right) \Rightarrow \text{approx light-cone with speed } v_{LR}$$

Application Simulating lattice Hamiltonians [Haag, Hastings, Kohnen, Leu '88]



$$\| U_t^{A \cup B} (U_t^B)^{\dagger} U_t^{B \cup C} - U_t^{A \cup B \cup C} \| \leq O\left(e^{-\mu \text{dist}(A,C)}\right) \sum_{S \text{ on } \text{bdy}(A:B:C)} \|h_S\|$$

$$W_t := e^{it(H_{AB} + H_C)} e^{-itH_{ABC}} = (U_t^{AB+C})^{\dagger} U_t^{ABC}$$

$$\partial_t W_t = U_t^{AB+C} (H_{ABC} - H_{AB} - H_C) (U_t^{AB+C})^{\dagger} W_t$$

$$\approx U_t^{B+C} H_{B \cup C} (U_t^{B+C})^{\dagger} W_t$$

$$\exp(-\mu \text{dist}(A,C))$$

Application correlation decay in gapped ground states
 $|\psi_0\rangle = |\psi_{gs}\rangle$

Suppose H has gap g , i.e. energies $E_0 < E_1 = E_0 + g \leq E_2 \leq \dots$
 then $|\langle A_x B_y \rangle - \langle A_x \rangle \langle B_y \rangle| \lesssim e^{-\frac{g}{2\sqrt{|x-y|}}} \|A\| \|B\|$

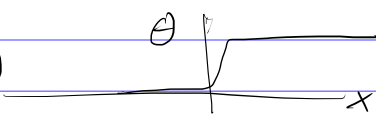
example TFIM $H = -J \sum_i z_i z_{i+1} - B \sum_i X_i$

$B \gg 0$ unique g.s. $|\psi_0^{\otimes N} = |\rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow\rangle$ no correlations
 $|B| \ll J$ $|\psi_0^{\otimes N} \approx |1\rangle^{\otimes N}$ have exp. small gap long-range correlations $\langle z_i z_j \rangle = 1$

pf of correlation decay

Assume WLOG that $\langle A \rangle = \langle B \rangle = 0$ $E_0 = 0$

$\langle E_i | B^+ | E_j \rangle := \langle E_i | B | E_j \rangle \theta(E_i - E_j)$

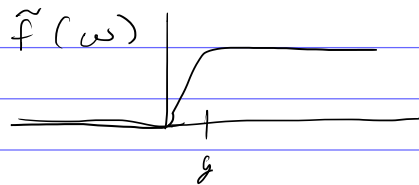


$B^+ |\psi_0\rangle = B |\psi_0\rangle$ $\langle \psi_0 | B^+ = 0$
 $\langle AB \rangle = \langle AB^+ \rangle = \langle [A, B^+] \rangle$

but B^+ is nonlocal

$\int f(t) B(t) dt = \sum_{i,j} |E_i \langle X E_j| B_{ij} \int dt f(t) e^{it(E_i - E_j)}$
 $= \sum_{i,j} |E_i \langle X E_j| B_{ij} \tilde{f}(E_i - E_j)$

goals for f



$\tilde{f}(w) \approx 0$ $w < 0$
 $\tilde{f}(w) \approx 1$ $w > g/2$
 say erf

$|f(t)|$ small if $t \geq 1/g$

then $B^+ \approx \int dt f(t) B(t)$

$[A, B^+] \approx \int dt f(t) [A, B(t)]$

balancing terms \Rightarrow error $\approx e^{-\mu t}$ if $t \leq 1/g$
 $\exp(-\frac{lg}{2\sqrt{|x-y|}})$